

INSURANCE.

Fire, Life and Marine.

CASH CAPITAL REPRESENTED.

\$5,000,000.

Hartford Fire Insurance Company.
Oldest Company in the field. Incorporated 1810.
Assets, - - - - - \$1,000,000.

Springfield Fire & Marine Ins. Co.
(Springfield, Mass.)
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - - - - \$460,000

Manhattan Fire Insurance Company,
The oldest Co. in N. Y. Incorporated 1821.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - - - - \$600,000.

Niagara Fire Insurance Company,
New York City.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - - - - \$314,000


Phoenix Fire Insurance Company,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, - - - - - \$307,770 1/2

Metropolitan Fire Insurance Company
New York City.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$500,000

New York Life Insurance Company,
New York City OVER \$2,100,000

Office, Pearl's Block, N. 5. WHITAKER Agent.
holder at Juncosville, Wis.

1862 - - - 1862
MERCHANTS' DESPATCH
FAST FREIGHT LINE!
American Express Co., - Proprietors.
FROM NEW YORK AND BOSTON
TO THE WEST AND SOUTH-WEST.
FORWARDS goods at a most expeditious rate than
any line running west except the Great Atlantic
Coastwise, and at a low rate of freight.
Forwarding bill, covering the entire route from
New York to San Francisco, can be given.
Through receipts will be sent to the Merchants at New
York, and 69 Washington street, Boston.
Mark all packages
"MERCHANTS' DESPATCH"
and deliver at depot, corner Hudson and Thomas
streets, New York, and Western R. R. depot, Kansas
General office old Freight Depot of Lake Shore R.
Co. at Buffalo, N. Y. W. M. ALLAN, Sup't.
D. M. WARREN, Agent.
At the office of the Am. Ex. Co., Juncosville, Wis.
nir24den

 **D. W. LEWIS**
HAS JUST RECEIVED A
NEW STOCK
Guns, Revolvers, Bowie-Knives, Flasks, Pouches,
Guns, Powder, &c, in fact every thing that is pertains to
the business. Please give a call and examine. All to
be sold cheap.
P. S. — The Powders good and Flasks, Pouches, &c.,
the finest pattern. all sold
Great Bargains in Millinery.
MRS. O'DRA is now selling her stock
at a low price, and for the reason, that no responsible
person will be referred to her. No return
BONNETS GIVEN AWAY!
A small room for her spring goods, and ladies will find
on now, as handsomely an assortment of millinery, as
any room west of New York
— Old Bonnets. Their customers will be returned
made like new, *without any charge.*
Dresses made up to order, and the newest modes
introduced for a new outfitting. These call and see, la-
dies, before you purchasing elsewhere.
Ware-rooms in Young America block, over Lush's
Fishing Store, Fish-street. dec20dt
Another Large Arrival
OF

Stoneware & Glassware
WHEELOCK'S,
JUST received, the best stock of White Granite and all kinds of Crockery ever brought to this town. We are selling lots of china and two hundred dollars, to retail, will do well to look here before going to Chicago, Milwaukee, and house keepers and hotel keepers will fish full lots at price of settlements.

Go to Wheelock's,
Also, a large and fine assortment of various kinds of **HOUSE KEEPING GOODS!**
The best quality of China and Glassware, best, Plate are, Table Cutlery, Tea Trays of all sizes, &c.
Jamestown, June 9th. J. S. WHEELOCK

500 Cords
of
WOOD FOR SALE!
by
McKEY & BRO.
WE have at our Wood Yard the above amount of
Seasoned Wood,
consisting mostly of Black and White Oak heavy body wood, which will do for any part of the city; and for those who wish can go and select the same frame of measure at all times given. Orders left with Mr. Briggs at our cash dock, will receive immediate attention.

N. B. In consequence of our men having received ad money several times, the cash accompanying the

that will be necessary.

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Lamps at Wheelock's.

RECEIVED today, a large assortment of Lamps, Oil, kerosene, and tallow lamps, and will to sell it as cheaply new and very pretty pattern. Large assortment of all kinds of

LAMP GOODS,

Cylinders and Chimneys, Burners to suit separate, Wickless, Jetless, Oilless, Shades, Brackets and Hangers, Gas Jets, &c., for holding Kerosene Lamps, New Lampers to burn without chimneys, Ball Lamps. Also the best assortment of

CROCKERY

ever brought to this town. Plain and Gold Band China, Plate Glass Ware, Teble Cut, &c., Glass Ware, Birmingham, Oxford, the finest, &c.

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GREAT FALL IN GOLD

and
GREAT REDUCTION IN GOODS!

at the

Mammoth Store.

CHEAP & BARGAIN! No other day. Marked Down Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings, Delaines and Dress Goods Generally.

We can well afford to do it having bought our entire stock of Domestic below the advance, and are now receiving large additions of

New and Desirable Goods,

purchased than the great fall in gold and foreign ex-
 change. Upon examination one stock will be found
 much lower than Chicago or even New York prices of
 this date.
 March 27th, 1862. N. E. & B. B. B.
 no. 12 dawit.

FRESH OYSTERS
 ———
WHEELLOOK'S
 THE BEST BALTIMORE OYSTER received daily
 and sold at the lowest market price.
 Oct. 10th, 1862.

LOVERS OF MUSIC ATTENTION!
 Patriotic Glee Book,
 JUST published by H. M. Higgins, Chicago, em-
 bracing a great variety of
SONGS AND MUSIC,
 which has been written since the commencement of
 the present war. In this book is obtained for 75 cents
 what will cost none but ten dollars in the form of Sheet
 Music. For sale at
 WHELAN'S DOORMAT.
 March 10th, 1863. no. 1300.

Money to Loan.
 On Farming lands. Apply to
 J. N. WINKMAN
 Attorney at Law, Jewett's old Wm.
 Office under the Central bank. no. 1300.

Latios Merino Vests,
 LIGHT price and long service, all sizes.

The Daily Gazette.

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY.

HULT, BOWEN & WILCOX,
IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, MAIN STREET.

TERMS:
SIX DOLLARS A YEAR, PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.
CHARGES FOR ADVERTISING.

Twelve lines of matter, or its equivalent in space, constitute a square.

1 Square 1 day, \$1.00
do 2 " " 1.50
do 3 " " 2.00
do 4 " " 2.50
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do 100 " " 50.50

CHICAGO ADVERTISEMENTS.

From the Agency of C. H. Scribner.

Chicago Steam Dye Works.

COOK & McCLAIN,
98 Dearborn St., and 133 S. Clark St.,
Chicago.

REPAIRING 1864.

COATS, VESTS AND PANTS dyed or
cleaned with molasses and soda.

LADIES' SICK AND WOOLY DRESSES AND
SHAWLS dyed and cleaned in a superior manner.

Bonnets dyed, Bleached and Pressed.

Send us by express with directions.

COOK & McCLAIN.

FAIRBANKS

STANDARD

WAREHOUSE TRUCKS, LETTER
PRESS, &c.

FAIRBANKS, GREENE & CO.,
172 Lake Street, Chicago.

For sale in Janesville by B. J. RICHARDSON.

Be careful to buy only the Genuine.

METAL WAREHOUSE

Vandervoort, Dickerson & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF

TIN PLATE, &c.,
AND DEALERS IN

Metals,
TINNERS' STOCK.

HOWE'S IMPROVED SCALES.

199 AND 201 RANDOLPH STREET, CHICAGO

1863. DRY GOODS. 1863.

Staple and Fancy,

FOR THE SPRING.

HARMON, GALE & CO.,
(Successors to Harmon, Allen & Gale.)

52 LAKE STREET, CHICAGO.

WE offer to the trade a large and well selected
stock of

COTTON AND WOOL GOODS,

PRINTS,
COTTONADES,

Fancy Notions, Hoop Skirts,

HOSIERY,
AND OTHER GOODS IN OUR LINE.

Where now largely in stock and are prepared to
offer great inducements to those buyers. We solicit
attention from all wishing to purchase.

HARMON, GALE & CO.

Another Large Invoice of

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS!

JUST received at the Janesville Literary Export
and Import Store, 205 South Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

Call at the Store of

RICE, GAUL & RICE

and see the best assortment of

HOOP SKIRTS

TO BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

We have just received, direct from the manufacturers
a large invoice of Skirts and now offer the following
styles to Ladies at the lowest prices:

GRABER'S LATEST PATTERNS.

DO WITH TIE.

DO DIAMOND TIE.

SHELTON & SON'S WORK TRAIL KIT

TABLER.

DO BRIDAL.

DO CLOAK.

DO CLOAK TIE.

We have the BEST and LARGEST assortment for

YOUNG LADIES, MISSES, AND

CHILDREN'S SKIRTS

to be found in the city.

WANTED!

for the

8th United States Infantry,

the ages of 18 and 22 years,
not less than 5 feet 8 inches high,
and of good character. The term
of service is three years. The regular
pay will be \$13 per month, and the
volunteer pay will be \$16 per month.
By general order 124, issued
from the War Department, Wash-
ington, D. C., on the 10th inst., the
recruits of this regiment are trans-
ferred to the regular army.

By order of the Adjutant General,
the undersigned is authorized to
recruit for the 8th United States In-
fantry, and to receive recruits at any
place where they may be found.

For further information apply
to No. 10, Main Street, Janesville, Wis.,
at the office of the Adjutant General.

W. E. VICKORY.

FALL FASHIONS!

The Fall Fashions for

HATS

are now ready for exhibition at

Beale's Hat, Cap and Fur Store,

WEST SIDE THE RIVER.

The Rochester

BOOT & SHOE STORE!

W. A. REYNOLDS.

W. A. REYNOLDS.

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W. A. REYNOLDS.

W. A. REYNOLDS.

BOOTS & SHOES.

NEW GOODS

AT

BAILEY'S BOOT & SHOE STORE

I HAVE now in store the largest and best assorted
stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

Men's French Calf and Kid Boots,
Men's American Calf and Kid Boots,
Men's Water Proof Boots,
Men's Thick Boots,
Boys' and Youths' Copper Tipped Boots,
Boys' and Youths' Calf, Kid and Thick Boots,
All kinds and qualities.

Ladies' Leading, Olive Oil, Kid and Goat Boots,
Balmoral, Gaiters, &c., &c.

Men's and Children's Work, all styles.

Ladies' & Misses' Anklets,

a superior article for wet or cold weather.

LADIES' AND GENTS'

RUBBERS, BUFFALO OVER-SHOES, &c.

Genis' Buck Gloves and Mittens.

HOME MADE WORK

ROCHESTER WORK

AND EASTERN WORK

In endless variety. I am also manufacturing to order
every conceivable style of work for men, boys,
ladies, misses and children, and at prices that will
suit. Any

CUSTOM MADE WORK

is superior in quality and lower in price than can be
found elsewhere.

J. C. BAILEY.

Main st., six doors south of Milwaukee St.

Formerly in Myers' Block.

NEW LEATHER STORE

ON MAIN STREET SIX DOORS SOUTH OF MIL-
WAUKEE STREET.

I have just received a large and well assorted stock

LEATHER,

FROM THE BEST

Eastern and European Tanneries

ALSO

FINDINGS

Of all descriptions, and shall keep constantly on hand
a large and full assortment of the

Best Stock in the Market.

Call and examine my Stock and Prices.

J. C. BAILEY.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY

CROCKERY.

From the next Thirty Days I will sell Crockery at

Less than the N. Y. Wholesale Price.

The reason is as follows: I have a large stock on
hand, bought at the lowest prices.

VERY LOW PRICES,

and have an invoice of about

Fifty Crates

shipped on the "La Gracie" from the other side, which
will arrive in New York in a few days, and I wish to
make room for it. These things

Are Facts!

I will also continue to sell, for a time, Glass Ware,
Oxford, Plated and Britannia Ware at

OLD PRICES.

N. G. W. WHEELLOCK.

Janesville, Wis., March 10, 1863.

USEFUL GOODS!

Hair Brushes.

English, French and American.

TOOTH BRUSHES

English, French and American.

NAIL BRUSHES.

Infants' Brushes,
very fine French.

DRESSING COMBS,

BATHING TOWELS,

SPONGES,

For the Bath, also for Infants.

FINE SOAPS, FINE COMBS

POMADES, HAIR OILS,

FINE COLOGNES.

LUBRICATING OILS.

TALLMAN & COLLINS.

Druggists.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

S. F. THOMPSON has returned to Janesville and added
to his regular stock a large quantity of

MADE PICTURES

of the citizens of Janesville and vicinity in all styles, as
good as the best can be made, and at a little cheaper than
the cheapest.

Please call and examine specimens and list of prices
and satisfy yourself before purchasing pictures.

Janesville, Wis., March 10, 1863.

W. A. REYNOLDS.

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W. A. REYNOLDS.

W. A. REYNOLDS.

DAILY GAZETTE.

The Closing Scenes of the Affair in
Chesapeake Harbor.

FLAG SHIP NEW IRONSIDES.

Inside Chesapeake Bay, April 11th.

Since the departure of the Flambæ, on
Wednesday last, nothing unusual has oc-
curred at their original anchorage taken after
the termination of the conflict on Tuesday
last. It has been finally determined, in
view of the present condition of the Moni-
tors, and the strong probability of future ac-
cidents to them in case they should again
engage, with the additional liability of loosing
a portion of them without obtaining a
corresponding gain, to withdraw them from
the harbor and send them to Port Royal,
where necessary repairs can be made, faults
remedied, and risks provided against as
well as may be. In this conclusion of Ad-
miral Dupont he has received the heartiest
and most cordial concurrence of all the com-
manders of the fleet. There is but one
opinion in the circle of naval command-
ers relative to the propriety of making a
second attack on Sumter, and that is against
it. Those who know the condition of the
defences of Charleston will have no trouble
in accepting as correct the conclusions ar-
rived at after a full deliberation and a care-
ful weighing of the arguments in favor of
an attack, and the stern, uncompromising
facts against it. The department will soon
know upon what ground the admiral has
based his determination to withdraw his
forces and relinquish for the present all
ideas of taking Sumter. It is better that
the grounds for such action should reach
the public through official channels rather
than through this medium, and I shall
therefore refrain from noticing them.

It is quite certain, from all that could
be seen by the commanders of the iron-
clads, that Fort Ripley, on the middle
ground, is an iron battery of immense
strength, containing the English rifle guns of the
largest calibre and power. A net-work of
obstructions, consisting of sunken vessels,
sunk, sunken cribs of stone, and faced by
two lines of torpedoes, extends from Fort
Ripley to Fort Johnson, on James Island.
A small lane is left open for their own ves-
sels to go through; but on each side of this
are two rebel gunboats, the Palmetto
State and Chicora on the right or northern
side, and the Turtle, and a heavy wooden
gunboat, on the left or southern side, on the
other. These practically make the line
perfect in the center. Below them, in the
double line of huge spikes, extending
twelve feet out of water, and protected by
torpedoes, extending from Fort Sumter to
a point inside of Mount Pleasant. A small
opening was left in this, somewhere under
the wall of Sumter, but at what precise
point could not, in the smoke of battle, be
definitely ascertained.

On the 11th inst., the fleet, under the
command of Admiral Dupont, attacked the
cordon, iron chains, &c., attached to tor-
pedoes, and, after a long and hard fight,
swings lower in the bay. To this one of
our vessels went, but could not pass. Thus
the obstructions stand to day.

An effort was made last night to blow
up the Kookab by Captain Rogers, Lieut.
Mackenzie, Chief Engineer Noble and
Chief Engineer Newell of this ship, but
without success. She was found to be full
of sand, and it was impossible at that time
to put the magazine of powder below her
deck. This morning an effort was made
to fix on the raft, with a torpedo attached
to the bow of the Veehawken; but the sea
was too rough inside, and, after breaking
all the lashing repeatedly the effort was
given up. To-night another attempt will
be made to blow her up, and as the weather
is fair it is likely to be successful. All
attempts are useless to the rebels. She is
filled with sand, and will be broken up
or burnt before the first gale. The rebels
cannot raise her, as she is covered with the
guns of the blockading fleet, and will ever
be beyond their reach.

The wounded men from the Kookab
and Nahant are improving rapidly. They are
considered by Surgeon Doyal to be out of
danger.

Admiral Dupont will remain on the New
Ironsides until she recrosses the bar and
resumes her station on the blockade. He
will then return to Port Royal and hoist
his flag on the Wabash again.

Active operations are suspended for a
season in this department, and we shall
again fall into the old service of preserving
a blockade as rigorous as may lie in our
power.

ABOUT DRESS.—"The first appeal is to
the eye," says an old writer, a text from
which we might reach a profitable lesson on
the subject of dress. We have plenty of
flippant denunciations of fine clothes, and
an abundance of grave animadversions on
the sin and folly of extravagance in ap-
parel, but scarcely an essay may be found
touching the aesthetics and morals of dress.
And yet it is a study worthy of rank among
the "fine arts," not less than architecture,
painting and sculpture. "Dress your boy
like a blackguard," said a venerable man
of our acquaintance, "and he will behave
like one. Dress him like a gentleman and
he will at least try to sustain the character."

It was an observation of Lavater, the great
physiognomist, that persons habitually
attentive to dress, displays the same regu-
larity in domestic affairs.

"Young women," says he, "who neglect
their toilet, and manifest little concern
about their apparel, indicate, in this very
particular, a disregard to order; a mind
but little adapted to the details of house-
keeping; a deficiency of taste and of the
qualities which inspire love." The girl of
eighteen, who desires not to please, will
be a slut and a shrew at twenty-five!" It
is a great mistake in women to suppose
that they may safely throw off all care
about dress with their celibacy, as if wives
had less need than mistresses of elegant
and tasteful apparel. An old writer says
with hearty emphasis: "It is one of the
moral duties of every married woman al-
ways to appear well dressed in the presence
of her husband. The expensive attire is
by no means essential. The simplest mus-
lin gown may evince the woman's taste as
truly as the most costly robe of morie an-
tique. But how rare a quality is good taste!

In the mere matter of propriety and har-
mony of colors, there is material for a
treatise [has yet to be written] by
some one thoroughly proficient in the
aesthetics of dress. Even the simplest
laws, though pretty generally understood,
are constantly neglected. Look at the
tawny gleams of red, which come from all
the bonnets at the present moment—
whatever may be the complexion beneath
them! An English poem of the last cen-
tury contains some sensible precepts re-
specting colors. To brunettes the poet
recommends gay colors—"rose," "orange,"
or even "scarlet." Here is a couplet:

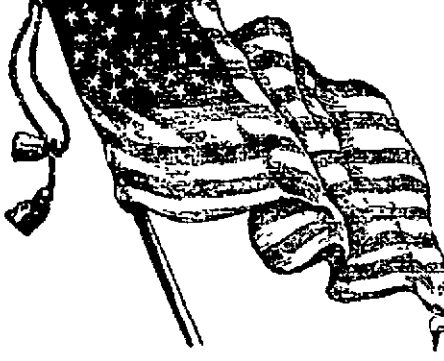
"The last whom skin is like the hazel brow,
With brighter colors should adorn her own."
To rosy-cheeked girls he permits "blue,"
and "the color of the sea." Cautioning
pale women against "vernal hues," he says
quantily and poeticaly:

"Dresses grown pale with sickness or despair,
The tables must not be should choose to wear,
In the pale moon will shine with purer light,
Clad in the dusky mantle of the night."

Capitol Enlargement.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given that sealed proposals will
be received at the Executive Office, Madison, until
Friday, April 25th, 1863, for the building and erection of the foundation
of the south wing and of the rotunda of the state capitol
to the top of the walls and the completion of the north wing thereof, as provided by
chapter 107 of the general laws of 1858, to which reference is
made to the general laws of 1857, and to the act of the
legislature of 1859, and to the act of the legislature of 1860, and to the act of the
legislature of 1861, and to the act of the legislature of 1862, and to the act of the
legislature of 1863, and to the act of the legislature of 1864, and to the act of the
legislature of 1865, and to the act of the legislature of 1866, and to the act of the
legislature of 1867, and to the act of the legislature of 1868, and to the act of the
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legislature of 1897, and to the act of the legislature of 1898, and to the act of the
legislature of 1899, and to the act of the legislature of 1900, and to the act of the
legislature of 1901, and to



Breathes that standard sheet— Where breathes the foe but falls before us? With Freedom's soil beneath our feet, And Freedom's banner streaming o'er us!

Official Returns.

	Dixon.	Cotter.	Major.
Adams	575	268	307
Brown	422	1013	591
Chippewa	117	279	102
Clinton	73	44	29
Columbia	2199	1311	888
Crawford	521	745	224
Dane	3622	3632	3
Dodge	2133	4505	2372
Dunn	348	146	192
Fond du Lac	296	231	65
Kauaie	2645	2982	337
Grant	2125	1770	355
Green	1395	1100	295
Green Lake	1015	528	487
Iowa	1124	1521	397
Jackson	492	159	323
Jefferson	1657	2200	643
Juneau	780	697	83
Kenosha	1077	750	327
La Crosse	1090	910	180
Lafayette	1124	1650	536
Manitowish	1131	207	876
Marquette	477	539	72
Monroe	1487	6209	4722
Monroeville	985	519	466
Oakland	625	886	261
Ozaukee	167	104	1437
Pepin	323	42	281
Pierce	569	387	173
Portage	125	75	47
Portsmouth	1785	1395	330
Racine	1023	745	278
Richland	3265	2012	1263
Sauk	1827	1197	630
Sauk County	85	54	32
Shelby	1302	2034	732
Trempealeau	478	74	404
Vernon	1071	433	588
Walworth	2578	1020	1558
Washington	345	2567	2222
Waushara	1612	2200	588
Waupaca	929	308	621
Waupesa	1035	438	597
Winnebago	2163	1464	690
Wood	243	227	16

Cotter's majority in the above counties 4200.

These returns include the entire state except the counties of Ashland, Burnett, Calumet, Dallas, Door, Douglas, Kewaunee, Oconto, La Pointe, Marathon, St. Croix, and Vilas. The soldiers voted for Mr. A. J. Dixon, the soldiers voted for Mr. A. J. Dixon, the soldiers voted for Mr. A. J. Dixon.

West Virginia.—The official returns of the vote in West Virginia on the new constitution with the Willey amendment, provided for gradual emancipation, foot up in thirty-eight counties heard from, 28,321 for the amendment, and 572 against it. The commissioners threw out, on account of informality, 422 votes that were cast in favor of the amendment, but rejected none that were against it. Ten counties, it seems, were not heard from. Either no elections were held in them, or the vote has failed to come to hand.

Recorder of Chicago.—Evert Van Buren, who has been elected recorder of Chicago, was a candidate for the New York senate against Governor Seward, in the anti-masonic convention which nominated the present secretary of state. Mr. Van Buren stumped the northern part of Illinois, with great effect, against the late democratic constitution.

General Corcoran publishes a letter explaining the circumstances under which Lieut. Col. Kimball, of the 9th New York regiment, met his death. It seems from this statement, that Col. K. was not in the discharge of any official duty when he was killed. The sad event which followed was quite different in its origin from the first reports of the affair. The whole matter will come before a military court, as demanded by the importance of the case.

Another Unconstitutional Measure.—The Milwaukee News has made the discovery that the plan adopted by the government for employing the slaves of rebels is "in violation of all law, either military or civil, and incompatible with the public interests." We would like to know what specific measure adopted by the government to put down the rebellion, the News considers proper and constitutional.

A Copperhead Crew.—The democratic state general committee of Indiana have issued their call for a state convention at Indianapolis, on the 20th proximo. Among the speakers announced are the two Seymours and Richardson, Robinson, Allen, Browning, and Merrick, of Illinois.

The New York Times says it has a report of the sanitary condition of Gen. Hooker's army, which it does not publish, because it contains data for calculating its precise numbers. It therefore only states in general terms, that at no previous time has the condition of the army of the Potomac been as good as at the present time, the ratio of sick being less than 68 in the 1,000—less than 7 per cent.

Col. Cutler, 7th Wis., and Lieut. Rodeman, 2d Wis., dismissed from the army—are reinstated, their absence being satisfactorily accounted for. Lieut. Carter, 6th Wis., is honorably discharged, instead of being dismissed; also Lieut. Esselinger, 2d Wis.

THE BEWITCHING WIDOW.

Legend of the Advance in Mississippi, showing how Col. Stearns, 7th Illinois, took some prisoners.

Our division was one of the army to make up the grand army under General Grant, and held our place as ordered, in the advance on the march from La Grange, through Holly Springs, across the Tallahatchie to the banks of the Yazoo, and the enemy retreating only as they were driven by strong force from their chosen positions. An enterprising middleman, by the rebels with the supplies stored at Holly Springs for the use of the army, suggested the propriety of postponing the capture of Vicksburg, or rather the co-operation in that undertaking by a land force, and we all changed front and made our way back to Memphis, as a better position to await further orders. While near the Tallahatchie river on our way down, an earnest appeal for protection and a guard was made to General Q.—by a widow lady. Mrs. W.—'s plantation was about two miles from the road upon which we were marching—about the right distance to be subject to pillaging by soldiers, who regardless of orders, will ramble in search of something for "the mess," no matter how well supplied from the commissary department, and where they would be comparatively safe from detection by the officers of the regiment.

The construction of bridges across the river "bottoms" made it necessary that we camp here several days. A number of the officers of the staff rode over to Mrs. W.—'s spacious home, and found in her kindly proffered civilities a sure promise for the delightful exchange for the fare of "head-quarters." A substantial house told unmistakably of wealth and taste, and the urgent solicitations of the ladies induced them to "light." A short call convinced our officers that this was a home of education and refinement; that the ladies were beautiful representatives of southern hospitality. Mrs. W.—, the owner of the plantation, was a "widow," perhaps thirty years old; a noble woman, and particularly pleasing in address and manner. Her niece, Miss (yet in her teens), a chatty little body, as wild as the wind, and the most intensely rebellious rebel they had yet seen; full of life, witty and sweet, excepting, of course, her rantings about the federal army, subjugation, and the tantalizing comments she made in praise of "our noble army," and to the disparagement of the "Lincoln hirelings," she was quite agreeable. The "de-fenceless" was a friend of Mrs. W.—, the widow of a rebel captain who was killed at the first battle of the contest, and was here on a visit. She was exquisitely beautiful. Ah, her soft black eyes, brilliant complexion, and fascinating grace and dignity, made extravagant drafts upon the descriptive powers of the staff officers when they attempted to describe her loveliness. As they consciously failed to satisfy themselves that we could see her as she appeared to them, I shall not attempt a further description; doubtless she was a lovely, sweet woman.

The house was luxuriously furnished; the grounds around tastefully laid out. Shrubbery in all the variety of southern growth gave evidence of great care and selection, and the assurance that this would be a delightful spot when winter had released its grasp. The servants about the house, the well-built "quarters" and their occupants, gave proof of the abundance of help to keep all this in thrift and good order.

During the time occupied in building roads across the Tallahatchie bottoms and the bridges across the river, a few of the staff officers found time, as a relief from duty occurred, to visit Mrs. W.—'s plantation, and enjoy an afternoon or evening thus afforded the ladies was a welcome change from the property on that plantation from the foraging expeditions of the soldiers. The ladies were grateful for the gallantry of the staff and the staff no less grateful for the kind and cordial welcome always extended to them.

The bridge was finished but too soon, perhaps, to those most interested in the occupants of the Widow W.—'s house. Who can say that all marched on without reluctance, day after day, over to Oxford, and away beyond to the camp on the Yazoo? What wonder that a regret would arise in the mind of more than one at this separation from the only place that seemed like home, and from voices and eyes like those of remembered ones away up north.

While on the wing for a march from the camp last named southward to Grenada orders came to retrace our steps. Van Dorn had attacked Holly Springs, taken Col. Murphy and his force prisoners, (excepting only the gallant 2d Illinois cavalry, two companies of which had fought their way out, after a desperate resistance), burnt and destroyed all the army stores; and evidently the expeditions to Jackson and Vicksburg was at an end, for we counter-marched rapidly along our newly repaired roads, burning the bridges behind us; and night found us again encamped at the Tallahatchie.

Before we had fairly made snug arrangements for the night, Mrs. W.— sent an urgent message for "a guard," or "if some of the officers could make it convenient to stay at her house that she would feel safe from molestation by the soldiers." Some of "the staff" heard the message to Gen. Q.—, and although he was not in humor to be very considerate of matters outside of his division, yet he granted a reluctant consent to Capt. B.—, who offered to go and protect the ladies from all harm. "Remember, captain, the guerrillas are hovering about, and it is hardly safe to be out alone the lines. Take care of yourself. Every woman is a 'defenseless widow' in this camp."

While Capt. M.—, the assistant quartermaster of the division, who confessed to solicitude for unprotected widows, Capt. B.— was in high condition for guarding defenseless women; and they sprang into their saddles, gave spurs to their horses, and away they galloped beyond the picket line to Mrs. W.—'s plantation.

A cordial greeting awaited them, and after tea and music while away the evening hours passed in the most agreeable manner. The charming presence in which our officers revealed was enough to turn the heads of the chivalry of any age; what effect it had upon the valorous captains remains to be seen.

All is quiet again, until Capt. M.—, in a moment, the colonel of the regiment I first enlisted in, always told me I never should be taken prisoner until it was too late. "Go in and take the abolition scoundrels prisoners! Shoot them if they resist!" roared the Colonel with fearful distinctness; the words and tones started even the eager "guerrillas," and echoed through every room in the house.

While part of the force guarded the windows, with pistols touching the glass, the rest galloped back and forth through the yard, making all the noise possible. A pile of plank near by served this purpose; it was pushed down, and the guerrillas took especial care to gallop their horses upon and over the loose boards. The horses were frantic with excitement. This was about the state of the weather when "Captain Orton" pounded against the bedroom door.

"Who's there?" called out Captain B.—.

"Captain C. L. Orton, 1st Tennessee cavalry, Jackson's brigade."

"All right!" answered Captain B.—. Resistance to such a force was worse than folly, particularly if they remembered that they had but one pistol for defense. So the officers unlocked the door, and yielded a reluctant assent to the demand—"Do you surrender peacefully?" So the guerrillas strode into the room with pistols cocked and pointed at the head of their victims.

(Continued to-morrow.)

BY TELEGRAPH.

REPORTED FOR THE DAILY GAZETTE.

BY WISCONSIN STATE TELEGRAPH LINE.

Official Union Passenger Depot.

Last Night's Report.

In the matter of the claim of the U. S. district attorney, for the mails of the Peterhoff to be given up to him, to be by him disposed of, Judge Bates to-day gave a verbal opinion in the United States district court in this city. He held that the district attorney was master of the case, that, as public prosecutor, he had the right to withhold such evidence in the case as he might see fit, and that, if he refused to permit the mail to be opened, and that it be given up to him, he was entitled to it. On this decision, the mail was delivered to District Attorney Smith, and by him transmitted to the British consul, Mr. Archibald.

The Ericsson, from Port Royal, has arrived. No news.

New York, April 22.

A Washington special to the New York Evening Post says:

"Fresh rumors are floating, every day about Charleston and Admiral Dupont. The truth seems to be as follows: The brief attack upon Fort Sumter was a heavy reconnaissance, which might easily have become a grand attack upon the defenses. This reconnaissance revealed to Dupont his strength and weakness, so that he will be prepared for the work in hand, should he renew the attack. The statements that the President is very angry with the Admiral; that he is to be removed in disgrace, and that the President peremptorily ordered a second attack, are all groundless. There is to be a second attack. Dupont will probably lead it. No unpleasant dispatches have been sent to him. He will, however, make the attack only when, in his own judgment, he thinks fit."

St. Louis, April 22.

Special to Chicago Tribune.—Information of a reliable character has been received, representing that the rebel force now in Southeast Missouri is larger than before stated, and it is not improbable that Price will be able to take the city of St. Louis. The force which engaged the garrison at Patterson, on Monday, was only the advance guard of the rebels. Their numbers are estimated by the country people, who have fled to Pilot Knob, all the way from 12,000 to 25,000. The lowest figures are probably the nearest correct. All of our troops have fallen back to Pilot Knob, and reinforcements were arriving in sufficient strength to repel any serious demonstration. The rebel advance is probably a feint to draw Gen. Herron's attention, while the real blow comes from another quarter. There is great activity at headquarters, and the necessities of the situation are thoroughly appreciated.

The attack on Fayetteville was part of the rebel program for receding Missouri, to locate a general outbreak of guerrillas. Gen. Davidson has gone to Pilot Knob to take command of our troops there, and the rebels were thirty miles distant at last accounts.

The Switzerland, Hartford and Albatross, after being all filled with coal and provisions, left New York on the morning of the 31st ult., and daylight the little steamer proceeded down the river to Cumberland plantation, where, on passing up, we had seen the wreck of the Indiana. We found no traces of the wreck, but learned that it had slipped off into deep water during the late gale. We anchored here and remained until about 6:30 p.m., when we proceeded down and engaged the battery at Grand Gulf.

This battery consisted of some two or three heavy guns sent down from Vicksburg. One of these guns was mounted upon a steamer which had been concealed up the big Black river. The enemy had also a light field battery. They struck the Switzerland twice, doing no damage. The Albatross was not struck at all. The Hartford was struck only once, but this shot killed one man. This was the only casualty.

We passed this battery in about fifteen minutes and anchored below Grand Gulf, destroying our passage down a large number of shells. On the morning of the 10th when we got under weigh about 4 a.m., and proceeded down to Bayou Laure, where we stopped, seized upon, and threw into the river about 10,000 sacks of corn and beef, and proceeded on our way to Fort Hudson, where we arrived about five miles above the battery on the 6th.

On the evening of the 7th inst., at eight o'clock, this writer of this communication and the secretary of the rear admiral left the Hartford and boarded the Richmond, off Baton Rouge.

Denver City, Colorado, April 19.

At two o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the Cherokee House, the centre of the business part of the town, and made such headway before it was discovered that it was impossible to check its spread to the surrounding buildings. It crossed F and Blake streets, and in less than an hour the greater part of four blocks was in flames. By blowing up and tearing down buildings, the fire was checked about five o'clock, and at the present writing is pretty well subdued. Unless the wind rises, no further danger is apprehended. The loss will probably reach \$1,500,000, some of the occupants of buildings losing everything. The loss in flour and other provisions is very heavy.

To-Day's Report.

(Reported Exclusively for the Daily Gazette.)

MORNING DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, April 22.

Special to Tribune.—The French minister has received dispatches confirming the telegram from San Francisco with respect to the bombardment of Puebla. They state the French carried the first line of works around Puebla, and was confident of soon capturing the city; that their communication with Vera Cruz was uninterrupted. Reinforcements and supplies were arriving daily. The French troops were greatly elated by their first substantial success in Mexico.

The Union cavalry under General Stahl, in large and small bodies, had scouted the whole country between the Potomac and Rappahannock as far west as Blue Ridge, and report no rebels there save a few straggling guerrillas and inhabitants.

It is understood that Gov. Curtin is to have the mission to Spain and that John Covode is to be the Union candidate for governor of Pennsylvania.

General Buell left for Cincinnati to-day. He did not have time while here to take the depositions of General Halleck and Gov. Johnson, for which he came, and will require another order of court to enable him to take the depositions, all the evidence in the case is in.

Nearly 800 sick from the lower Potomac arrived to-day. Twenty-five prisoners of war were sent in to-day from the army of the Potomac, and about a dozen refugees came up on a transport.

The government has determined not to grant letters of marque unless a foreign war should arise.

The rebels on the Rappahannock have been largely reinforced within the past week. New rebel encampments are visible this morning opposite Palmyra.

On Tuesday, in a skirmish with the rebels above Kelly's Ford, we captured one lieutenant, colonel, several captains and lieutenants, and about 21 privates.

On Monday, while artillery was being engaged by Gen. Hunt, near Palmyra, a cannon loaded with shells exploded, wounding four men, one dangerously.

Herold's special.—Gen. Gordon has reached here. He states that the government engineer who was charged with the duty of inspecting the iron bridge reported the next day after the battle in Charleston harbor that they were fit for immediate service.

Mr. Worthing, agent of the government to superintend the sale of lands on St. Helena island, reports that not above a township has been sold, while the timber lands and the town of Beaufort were reserved for educational purposes. Purchases were made by civilians, officers and by communities of negroes. Contrabands under 50 have been conscripted by Gen. Hunter, and negroes who are over that age are being in the woods least they may be taken to be under that figure. The lands are now mostly cultivated by women, who are dissatisfied at the absence of their husbands brothers, &c.

The personal staff of Gen. McClellan has been disposed of; volunteer officers are to be immediately mustered out of the service, and officers of the regular army will be assigned to duty with their regiments.

D. R. Groove, a native of North Carolina, and one of the emancipation commissioners in this department, will probably be appointed governor of that state.

New York, April 23.

The steamer Eagle arrived from Havana 18th, with advices from Mexico to the 12th. By the French steamer from Vera Cruz, according to the French accounts, Comonfort, in an attempt to join Ortega in Puebla, had been defeated with considerable loss, and Ortega had attempted a sally in the direction of the capital, but had been driven back. Ortega is said to have refused to capitulate, which offer was refused by the French commander, who insisted upon an unconditional surrender. One curious item of the news is that in answer to the prayer of a deputation of women that he would not bombard the city, Forey had promised to do so, he having sufficient ammunition to capture the garrison to surrender. In this connection we mention a significant rumor which is prevailing in Havana, that Forey had suffered a defeat.

AFTERNOON DISPATCHES.

ALLIQUETTES ARMY OF THE POTOMAC, April 22.

Headquarters on the Rappahannock. River rapidly falling, and the mud disappearing. New York, April 23.

Richmond papers of the 20th have been received in the army, and the World's correspondent sends the following:

Eight boats passed Vicksburg last night. One was burned. It is believed that Vicksburg will be attacked within ten days. Forty-four steamers left Memphis for Vicksburg with soldiers and negroes.

Jackson, April 19.

The enemy's batteries opposite Vicksburg.

burg opened fire on the morning of the 17th, and ceased late in the afternoon. No damage done.

New York, April 23.

The paper manufacturers held a meeting yesterday, and agreed to stop half their work on writing paper and a quarter work on printing paper. The object is to raise the price still higher.

A HORRIBLE MURDER.—A horrible murder was committed in Ellenville, Ulster county, New York, on Thursday, by one William Willis, a returned soldier. His victim was a young female named Mary E. Phelan, better known as the widow of Jas. Rockwell, married on the Saturday evening previous. According to the murderer's own statement, he had been engaged to be married to the deceased for several months. It seems she had broken the engagement because of his taking to drinking, and had married as above stated; whereupon he resolved to slay her, and deliberately procured a knife, went to her house and cut her throat. The murder was promptly arrested and held for trial.

A SUCCESSFUL EXPEDITION.—The net results of Col. Wilder's late expedition from Murfreesboro, Tenn., into the confederate lines south of that point, are summed up as follows, by a correspondent of the Cincinnati Gazette:

"Five hundred head of good horses and mules; five thousand pounds of tobacco; four thousand bushels of corn; eighty-six tons of hay and forage; a large quantity of wheat and flour; eighty-three prisoners in arms, four of them officers; four engaged as 'conscriptors'; and one gathering up cotton yarn, &c., for the rebel army, clothing, and a mail carrier and a rebel mail, and 194 able-bodied negroes."

Little Lizzie, five years old, is a very good little thing, but one day she was provoked by an elder sister's refusal to surrender a rocking chair to her, and bit her, for which she was punished. Shortly afterwards she came to her father, and looking up in his face, said, timidly: "Papa, I'm sorry."

"Sorry for what, dear?" said her parent, melting at her humility.

"Sorry Emma wouldn't give me the rocking chair."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

House to Rent.

A TWO story brick house, with barn, on Franklin Street, on the 4th ward, will be let very low to a good tenant.

New York Cash Store!

April 23d, 1863.

FROM AUCTION.

We bought at the Great Panle

Auction Sales in New York

within the past few days, and are now receiving and have in stock over 200 Auction lots of French, English and German

SPRING DRESS GOODS!

many of them bought, and will be sold

Fifty per Cent Less

than the cost of importation. Our entire stock of

Fancy and Imported Goods

have been bought within the last ten days and during the late gold panic, and will be sold here in Janesville at less prices than our neighbors paid for their goods in New York, that bought in the month of March.

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.

We have not bought a yard of domestic cotton goods since last October. Our stock is now consisting of BROWN AND BLEACHED SHEETINGS, DENIM, OXFORDS, SHIRTINGS, STIFFINGS, FARMER'S & MECHANIC'S CASSIMERES, KENTUCKY JEANS, COTTONS, and DRILLS.

They were bought then at a

VERY LARGE DISCOUNT

from the present prices. We have this day opened

FIFTY PACKAGES

of the above goods, which we shall

SELL TEN PER CENT LOWER

than the New York Jobbing prices. We shall

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Assessment to the United States Tax Law Passed March 3, 1863.

Assessor's OFFICE OF INTERNAL REVENUE, Second District of Wisconsin. By the Assessed Excess Law, the following additional licenses are required: Architects and Civil Engineers' licenses, \$10.00; Builders and Contractors, 25.00; [All persons who construct buildings, vessels, canals, railroads, &c., by contract, are liable to the above license.] Insurance Agents, \$10.00; Butchers, retailing from a cart or wagon, 5.00; Owners of Stables and Jacks, 10.00; All parties residing in this district, which includes Dane, Columbia, Rock and Jefferson counties, who are liable under the above assessments on or under the previous law, not making immediate application for a license, will be liable to prosecution for the penalty provided in the law, which is \$100 and imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years.

THE INCOME TAX will be levied on the first of May next. All persons will be required to make a true and faithful statement of gains, profit or income, whether derived from any kind of property, rents, interest, dividends, salary, or from any professional, trade, employment or vocation, or from any other source whatever. The tax levied in May next will be based upon the profits, &c., for the year 1862. It is hoped that all persons will be prepared to make the necessary statement, to the assistant assessors of their respective divisions, promptly on the first of May. Dividends will be furnished upon which to make the statement.

DAVID A. WOOD, Assessor 2d Dist. Wis. Madison, April 11th, 1863. ap15dsw1w

Conveyancing and Abstracts of Title.

J. H. BALCH, Having had charge of the Abstract Books of Benoit, Casady & Gibbs for the past two years, and from his connection with the public office as Deputy Clerk of the Circuit Court, (and formerly Deputy Register of Deeds), and familiarity with the records of the County is prepared to furnish

ABSTRACTS THAT MAY BE RELIED UPON, embracing everything of record—Conveyances, Taxes and Judgments. No charge for examinations. CONVEYANCING DONE ON SHORT NOTICE, AND AT VERY REASONABLE RATES. Orders left at the Clerk's office or sent by mail will receive prompt attention. J. H. BALCH, Notary Public. Janesville, Rock County, Wis. today

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE!

The Best in the World. WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR'S celebrated Hair Dye produces a color not to be distinguished from nature—warranted not to injure the Hair; it lubricates, improves the color of the hair, and invigorates the hair for life. GREY, RED or RUSTY HAIR instantly turns a splendid black or Brown, leaving the Hair soft and beautiful. Sold by all Druggists, &c. Genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR, on the four sides of each box. Factory, No. 81, Barclay Street, New York. [Late 233 Broadway and 10 Bond St.] dsw1w

REMOVAL!

DR. B. F. PENDLETON HAS REMOVED HIS DENTAL ROOMS to the new block of Jenkins & Dewey, first floor over the shoe store of Cyrus Minor, where he will attend to all the calls in his profession. ap26dsw1w

DR. M. B. JOHNSON

has removed to Jackman & Smith's New Building, over the Rock County Bank, where he will wait upon his friends and customers in any department of dentistry. dsw1w

GET INSURED

IN SOUND OLD EASTERN STOCK COMPANIES. IF YOU HAVE AN HONEST LOSS YOU GET

HONEST PAY!

E. L. DIMOCK, Fire, Life and Inland Insurance Agent. \$165m

Cash Capital Represented

\$16,000,000.00. REMOVAL

Gold Pens!

THE first supply of John Foley's Gold Pens and Warranted Gold Pens, for sale at a low price, at SUTHERLAND'S in KENTUCKY.

Stitching and Sewing.

HAVING taken this shop formerly occupied by Mrs. Addy, between Kimball's grocery store and Feltman's drug store, I am prepared to do all kinds of stitching and sewing generally. MISS D. DEINO, Janesville, April 5th, 1863. ap26dsw1w

Picture Frames!

We have by far the largest stock in Janesville, of Oval and Rosewood Frames. Also, Frames of Arched Tops, Round Corners, Square Corners,

FWSPAPFRHRLIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE

"N" pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above entitled case on the 2d day of May 1906, the said "N" in and to said mortgage appointed for each purpose a mortgagee and receiver of the same, to wit: the said "N" and his court, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Central Bank, in the city of Janesville, Wisconsin, on and after the 13th day of March next, the following described real estate to-wit:

THE 13th DAY OF MARCH NEXT,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate situated in the city of Janesville, in Rock County and State of Wisconsin, and known and distinguished by lot number four (4) in W. W. Sullivan's subdivision of lot number one (1) in the city of Janesville, Wisconsin, being twenty two (22) feet on Milwaukee street and one hundred and ten (110) feet in depth, records of which are on file in the office of the Register of Deeds thereof as shall be better seen by reference to the map and

vir virtue of said Judgment, on the 14th of December 1910,
 WILLARD MERRILL, Plaintiff, vs. JAMES C. JACK, Defendant.
 JACOBUS COURT—HOCK COUNTY.
 James H. Knowlton, Moses S. Prichard and A. A. Jack
 on one side, James T. Wood, administrators of the estate
 of James C. Jack, deceased, on the other side, vs. James
 T. Wood, Emily J. Wood, Abiah B. Wood, Kate L. Blain,
 George L. Hallow and George Estely.
 The plaintiff and his attorneys have taken the oath of fore
 swear, and have filed in the above action, on the
 tenth day of December, A. D. 1912, in said county,
 a bill of complaint, which is as follows: That the said
 court room in the city of Jantville, in said county,
 on the 16th day of APRIL, A. D. 1913,
 at two o'clock P. M., and that certain piece or parcel
 of land, to-wit: a certain piece or parcel of land, situate
 in the county of Hock and State of West-Virginia,
 and known as lot number two (2) in block number four

[illegible]

county and state of Wisconsin, described as follows:—commencing at the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section twenty-two, lot eight, east of the southeast corner of lot eight in Smith, Doty & Stone's addition to the town of Pleasant street, twenty-two feet easterly from the southeast corner of lot eight in said Smith, Doty & Stone's addition; thence north one hundred and twenty-two feet, thence northwesterly parallel with Hiver street across said lot eight and the southeast corner of said lot eight, to the southeast corner of said Pleasant street, twenty-two feet, thence easterly parallel with said Pleasant street, twenty-two feet to the east line of land said Smith, Doty & Stone's addition; thence north one hundred and twenty-two feet to the place of beginning. —Signed by the Sheriff of Rock county, A. D. 1862.

ROCK COUNTY, TOWN OF JOHNSTOWN, SS.
To Marshall Cunningham:
YOU are hereby notified that a warrant of attachment has been issued against you and your property for the sum of forty-seven dollars, in your name, amounting to forty-seven dollars, in your name.

[illegible][illegible]

At the time of the said judgment, the said John B. McArthur, Jr. had died, and the said Catherine McArthur, the wife of the said John B. McArthur, Jr., was then living and being in the town of a certain place and in the county of Jackson and State of Wisconsin, and known as the said Catherine McArthur, also as J. McArthur, Jr. — McArthur, his wife, Sarah M. George, Thomas George, George McArthur, and John McArthur, as the said John B. McArthur, Jr. and by virtue of the judgment of foreclosure and sale reduced to a cash and entitled to no more of the said property, the said John B. McArthur, Jr. and his wife, the said Catherine McArthur, and against the above named defendants, I shall offer to sell and sell at public auction the said premises, to wit: the said lot 12, in Section 36, Township 36 North, Range 10 East, in Madison County, in the City of Janesville, in said county, to a cash.

The 23d DAY OF APRIL, 1883,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the following described, situated, bounded, and known to wit: all those lots of land, to-wit: lots 12 and 13, in Section 36, Township 36 North, Range 10 East, in Madison County, in the City of Janesville, and known as the said lot 12, in Section 36, Township 36 North, Range 10 East, in Madison County, in the City of Janesville, where the said John B. McArthur, Jr. and his wife, the said Catherine McArthur, and against the above named defendants, I shall offer to sell and sell at public auction the said premises, to-wit: the said lot 12, in Section 36, Township 36 North, Range 10 East, in Madison County, in the City of Janesville, in said county, to a cash.

[illegible]

60) west of the northwest corner of the east half of the
 1/4 sec. 36, T. 12 N., R. 10 E., S. 10 E., containing about
 one hundred and fifteen rods to a stake, thence north
 73° 30' E. six and a half rods and fifteen links, thence north
 68° 30' E. one rod and fifteen links, thence south 73° 30'
 E. six and a half rods and fifteen links to the place of
 beginning, or rounded and such part thereof as may be
 necessary to give the above described lots, thence south 73° 30'
 and expenses of sale, and as may be said, to wit: with and
 without material injury to the parties interested—Dated
 January 1, 1865.

SHIRDT of Rock County, Wis.
 BERNARD, GILSON & O'NEAL,
 J. 224333
 Plaintiff's Attorneys.

CAUTION NOTICE FOR ROCK COUNTY.

The State of Wisconsin to William S. Murray, George
 S. Murray, Calvin Murray, Mary E. H. Jones and John
 Bennett, defendants:

YOU are hereby summoned to answer the complaint
 filed in this cause in the County of Rock, State of Wis-
 consin, and to answer and defend against the same, and
 to appear at the trial of this cause, to be held at the Court
 House in the City of Rock, Wisconsin, on the 10th day of
 March, 1885, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and to
 show cause why judgment should not be rendered in
 favor of the plaintiff.

William and Franklin Burbanks, plaintiffs, which
 is the office of the clerk of the circuit court
 for Rock county, to the City of Chicago, Illinois,
 on the 10th day of January, 1893, of which a copy
 of the same was served with respect upon you and
 the undersigned, and which said copy you were
 to serve a copy of said writ upon the said defendant
 and return within sixty days after the service hereof,
 and in case of failure to do so, the said writ should
 annul the complaint then aforesaid, the plaintiffs will ap-
 ply to the court for the relief demanded in the com-
 plaint aforesaid.

WITNESSETH THAT
 (RECEIVED) CONGER & HAWES,
 3620477 Plaintiffs Attorneys.

CIRCUIT COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
 Richard H. Plummer agst Edward L. Dimock and
 others.
 In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of fore-
 closure and sale rendered in the above entitled case
 by the said court, the undersigned, Clerk of said court,
 plaintiff against the defendants, I shall offer for sale

THE 23rd DAY OF APRIL, 1953.
 I, the undersigned, being a duly qualified and sworn
 attorney described next name, namely: JIM C. TATE, lot
 or parcel of land situate in the city of Jonesville, in
 and of the county of Buchanan, State of Kentucky,
 and dispoised as the north half of lot one hundred
 and seventy-three in emith, Bailey & Stone's addition
 to the 2nd of May, 1934, in the city of Jonesville,
 and the same being the same as the same as the same
 so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said
 judgment and the expenses of said sale—Buted James
 M. Bailey, Sheriff of Buchanan County, Kentucky.

STOCK, PATTER & BAILEY, JEFF. W. BAILEY, JR. jw2333n

Sheriff's Sale.
CITROUS COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
 George M. Shinn vs. Edgar Eugene Kendall, et al. Test-
 mentary. mentary.
 In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of fore-

THE 1st DAY of MARCH, 1863.
 At 10 o'clock of the 1st of day, the undersigned described and returned to the City of Belmont, a mortgage of land situate and to be in the City of Belmont, County of St. Louis, Missouri, and known and described as follows, to wit:—
 A certain lot or lots of land, to be in block twenty six (26), in the City of Belmont, County of St. Louis, Missouri, as the same is shown on the survey of the same.—Dated December 31st, 1862.

J. M. PUTNAM, JR.
 Plaintiff's Attorney.

CHAS. C. WILLIAMS,
 Plaintiff's Attorney.

County,
 docty 1863.

power, see 36,
and others,
Josiah F Willard, plff, agst Elizabeth A Plimpton and
Charles O Plimpton, def'ts.
TN pursuant and by virtue of a judgment of fore-

I, closure and sale rendered in the above entitled action, on the 20 day of March, A.D. 1863, at the city of Janesville, in said county, to the highest bidder, as follows:

Oakstock, a referee duly appointed for such purpose by said court, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, at the foot of the street in Central Block, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on

THE 13TH DAY OF MARCH NEXT,

at two o'clock in the forenoon, the following described real estate situated in the County of Rock and State of Wisconsin, and known and distinguished as lot number four (4) in Village's subdivision, of lot number one (1) in the second subdivision of village, being twenty-two (22) feet in Milwaukee street fronting on the west end of said lot, and containing about thirty three acres more or less, according to the plat showing thereon shall be necessary to make the amount due in virtue of said judgment, to wit: \$1,000.00, dated Feb. 1862.

H. N. COMBS, Clerk of Court.

WILLARD MERRELL, Plff.'s Atty. **J. H. DODGE, Ck.**

CLERK OF COURT—JANESVILLE.

JAMES H. KNOWLTON, Moses S. Fishback and A. J. Jack son, vs. John E. Wood, Elizabeth E. Wood, Lydia A. Wood, Emily J. Wood, Abigail M. Wood, Kate L. Wood, et al.

In pursuance and by virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale rendered in the above action, on the 20th day of March, A.D. 1863, at the city of Janesville, in said county, to the highest bidder, at the court room in the city of Janesville, in said county, on

MARCH 13, 1863.

at two o'clock P.M., all of that certain parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the City of Janesville, in the County of Rock and State of Wisconsin, and known and distinguished as lot number four (4) in Village's subdivision, of lot number one (1) in the second subdivision of village, being twenty-two (22) feet in Milwaukee street fronting on the west end of said lot, and containing about thirty three acres more or less, according to the plat showing thereon shall be necessary to make the amount due in virtue of said judgment, to wit: \$1,000.00, dated Feb. 1862.

H. N. COMBS, Clerk of Court.

WILLARD MERRELL, Plff.'s Atty. **J. H. DODGE, Ck.**

CLERK OF COURT—JANESVILLE.

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(46) west of the northwest corner of the east half of the southeast quarter of said section, thence south 89° west one hundred and fifteen rods to a stake, thence north 79° west sixty-two rods and fifteen links, thence north 83° east one hundred and fifteen rods, thence south 73° east sixty-two rods and fifteen links to the place of beginning, or some one and one-half rods thereon as may be necessary to satisfy the said court and said judgment, and expenses of sale, and as may be said separately without material injury to the parties hereto. Dated January 21st, 1893.

R. T. KIMBER

with costs of sale,
situate and being
y of Rock and state
scribed as follows:
the east south and
arter of section No
h, of range No ten
y by a line parallel

Sheriff of Rock County, Wis.
BENNETT, CASSEDAY & GIBBS,
ja2243m
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.
The State of Wisconsin to William S Murray, George
M Murray, Calvin W Howe, Mary B Elison and John

section, and at a
elude last twenty
568.

JAM, Sheriff
of Rock County.
ju6d3m

COUNTY.

I enclose copy of your answer on 14, at our office in
 city with the original of the same, and will file the
 exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to
 the court to set aside the same, the plaintiff will ap-
 to the court for the same. Forwarded, the plaintiff will ap-
 plaint—Dated at Janesville, January 14th, 1903.
 [Signature] CONGER & HAWES,
 Attorneys at Law.
 CHICAGO COURT, ROCK COUNTY.
 Richard H. Plummer vs. Edward L. Dinock and
 others.
 In pursuance and by virtue of a Judgment of fore-
 closure and sale rendered by the above-named court
 on the 21st day of January, 1903, in favor of the
 plaintiff against the defendants, I sell off for sale
 and to the highest bidder, to-wit: the premises situate
 in Milwaukee street, in front of the Rock County Bank,
 in the city of Janesville, Rock County, on
 the 21st day of April, A.D. 1903,
 at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, the fol-
 lowing described real estate, to-wit: all that tract, lot
 and parcel of land situate in the city of Janesville,
 in the county of Rock and in the State of Wisconsin,
 and described as the north half of lot one hundred
 and seventy-three in Block, Half & Stone's addition
 to Janesville, section 16, Twp. 36 N., R. 10 W.,
 S. 4 E.,
 JAMESVILLE, Wis.
 J. C. GIBBS,
 Sheriff of Rock County.

[illegible]